## MINISTRY OF EDUCATION, HERITAGE AND ARTS YEAR 13 CHEMISTRY REVISION WORKSHEET 3

## Write the answers to the following questions in your exercise/activity books.

Strand 2: Investigating Matter		Sub-strand: Atomic Structure and Bonding		
1. (i)	Define ionisation energy.			(1 mark)
(ii)	Explain why the ionisation energy of a Periodic Table.	y of elements <b>dec</b>	reases down the group	(2 marks)
(iii)	Explain why sodium has a <b>very lo</b> compared to its <b>2<sup>nd</sup> ionisation end</b>	ow 1 <sup>st</sup> ionisation ergy (4562 kJ m	energy (496 kJ mol <sup>-</sup> ) ol <sup>-1</sup> ).	(2 marks)
2. Arra	nge the following elements from <b>lo</b>	owest to highest	electronegativity.	
F	luorine Lithium	Nitrogen	Boron	
			]	(2 marks)
3. Con ansv	npare the atomic radii of <b>calcium a</b> t ver the following questions.	tom (Ca) and cal	cium ion (Ca <sup>2+</sup> ) to	
(i)	Determine whether <b>calcium atom</b> smaller radius.	n (Ca) or calcium	<b>i ion</b> ( <b>Ca</b> <sup>2+</sup> ) has a	(1 mark)
(ii)	Provide a reason for your answer	to part (i) above.		(2 marks)
4. Nan	ne the type of <b>intermolecular attra</b>	ection present bet	ween the following:	
(i)	Two chlorine molecules			(1 mark)
(ii)	Water and sodium chloride			(1 mark)
(iii)	Two hydrochloric acid molecules			(1 mark)
(iv)	Methanol and water			(1 mark)
5. Defi	ne the following terms.			
(i)	Vapour pressure			(1 mark)
(ii)	Surface tension			(1 mark)
6. Prov	vide a reason for the following state	ements.		
(i)	Iodine easily sublimes at a low ter	mperature.		(2 marks)
(ii)	Water has a high boiling point of 1	100 °C. <b>The End</b>		(2 marks)